

Calibration of Booster BPMs using IPM, and measurement of quad center relative to BPMs

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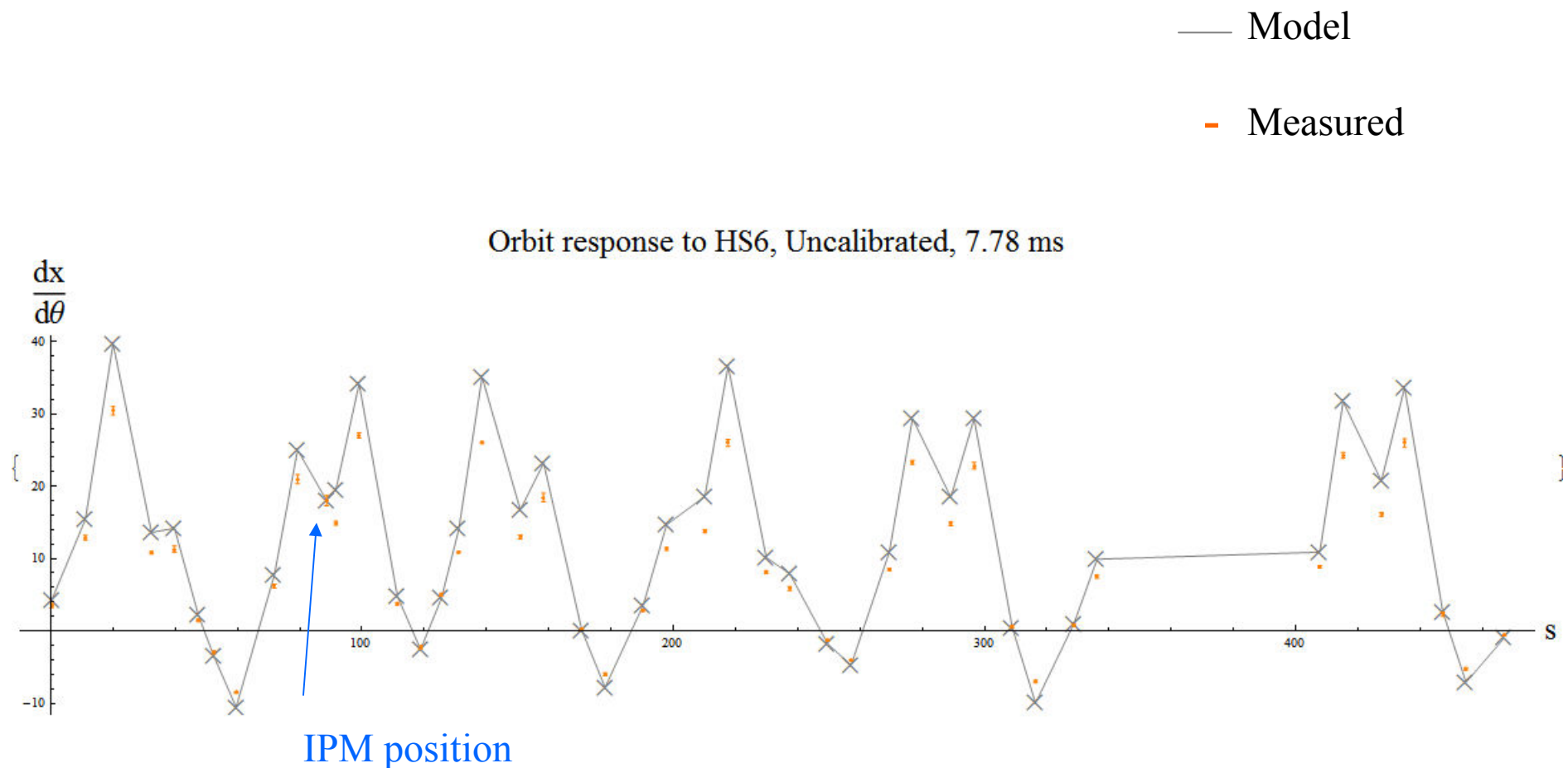
Alexey Petrenko

3/14/12

Part 1:

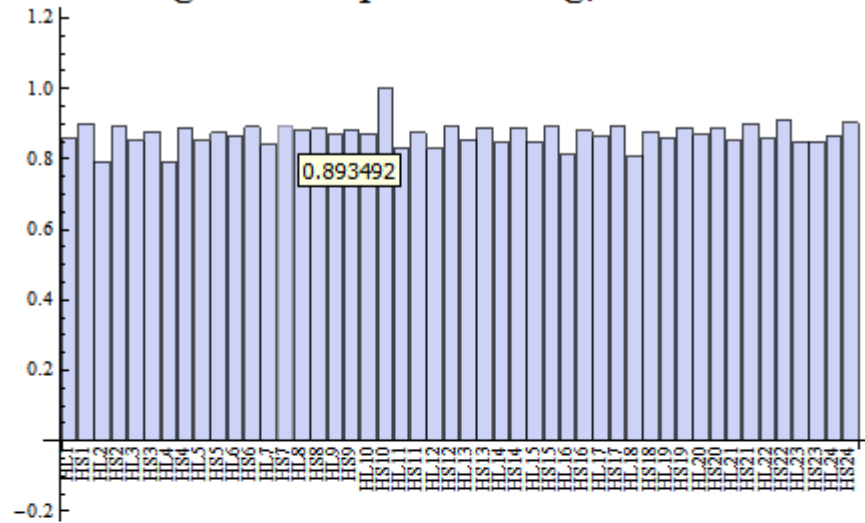
Calibration of BPMs using ionization
profile monitor

Measurements of orbit response are about 20% smaller than the response predicted by our model.

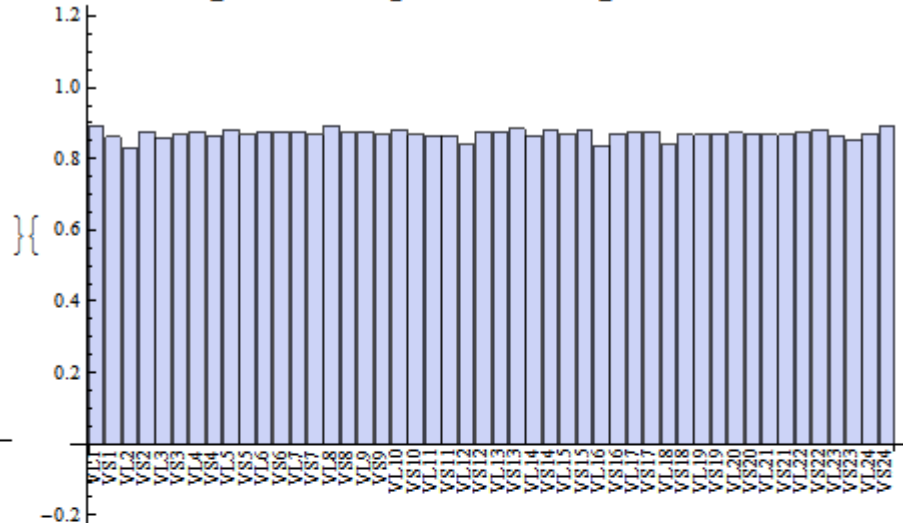


Scaling factors found using LOCO method, to make measurements best agree with model:

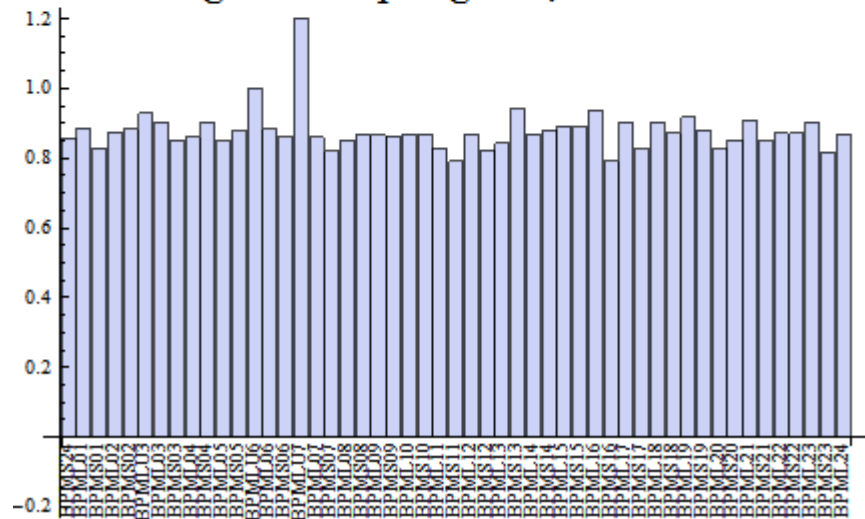
Original H dipole scaling, $t=7.78$ ms



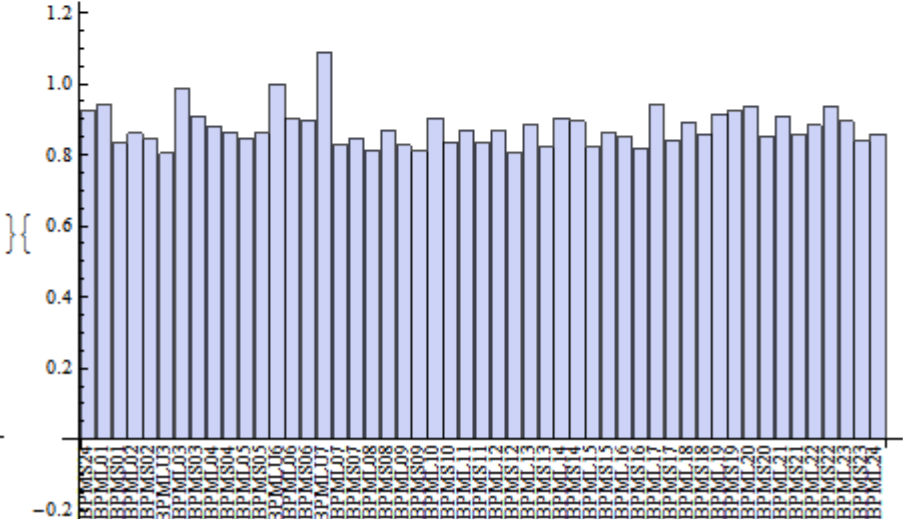
Original V dipole scaling, $t=7.78$ ms



Original X bpm gains, $t=7.78$ ms

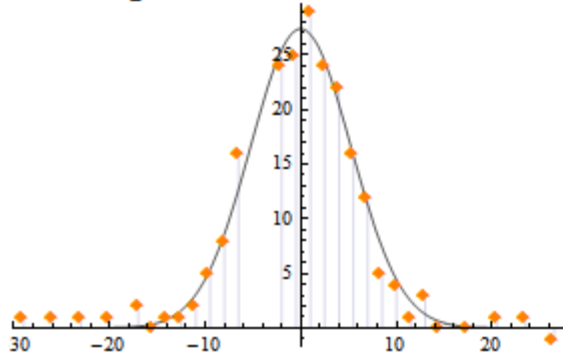


Original Y bpm gains, $t=7.78$ ms

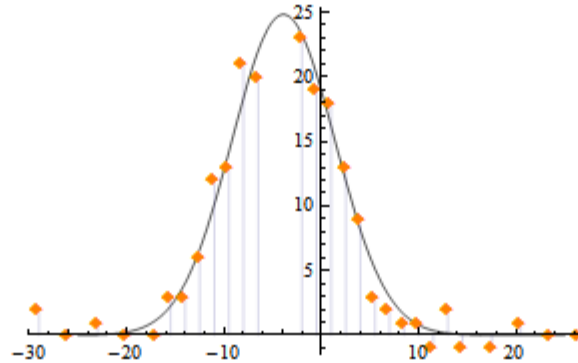


Examples of recorded ionization profiles:

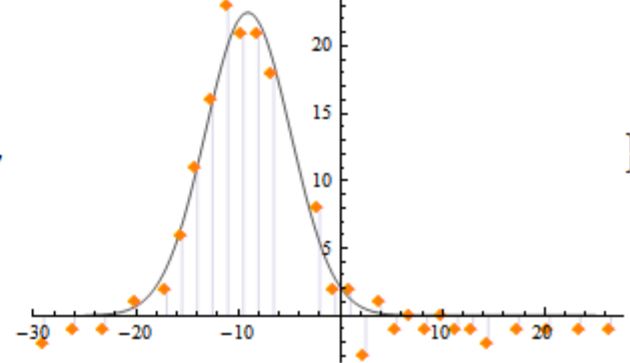
X profile, turn #100.



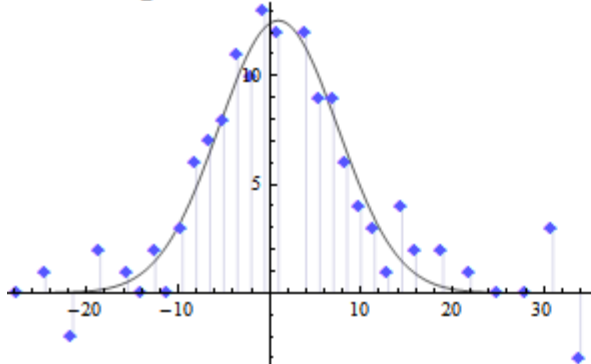
X profile, turn #2100.



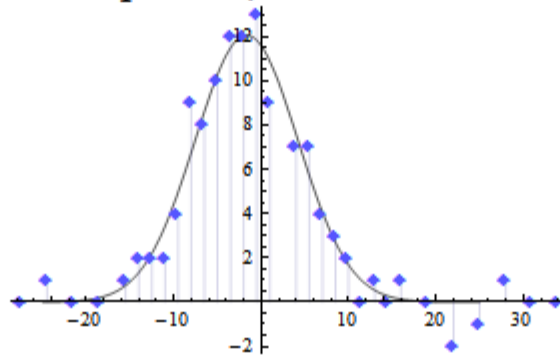
X profile, turn #4100.



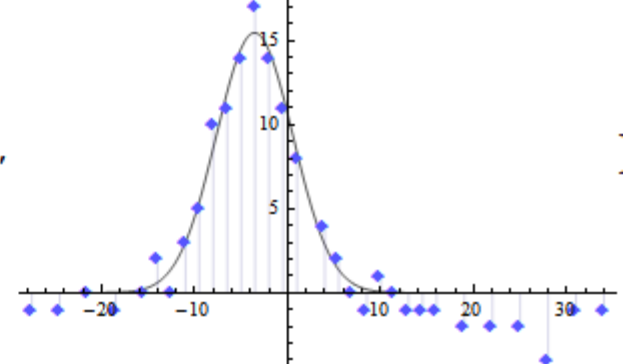
Y profile, turn #100.



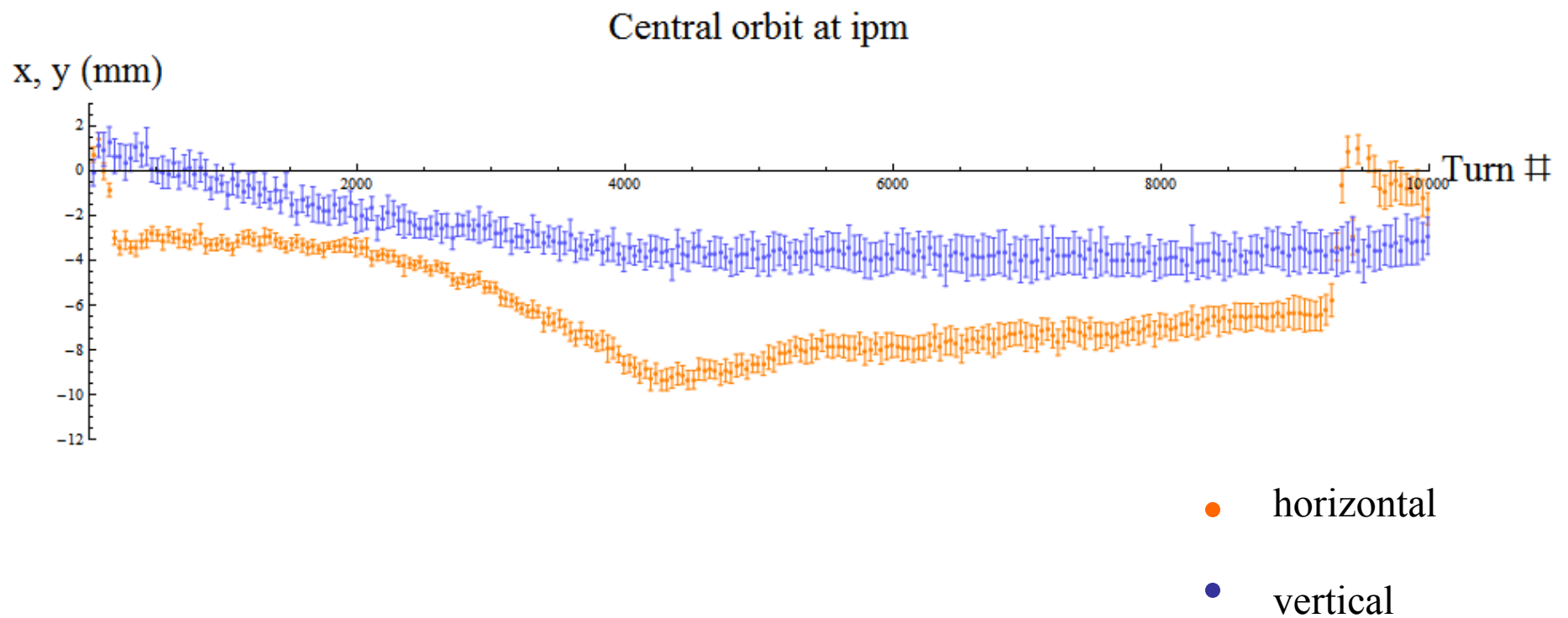
Y profile, turn #2100.



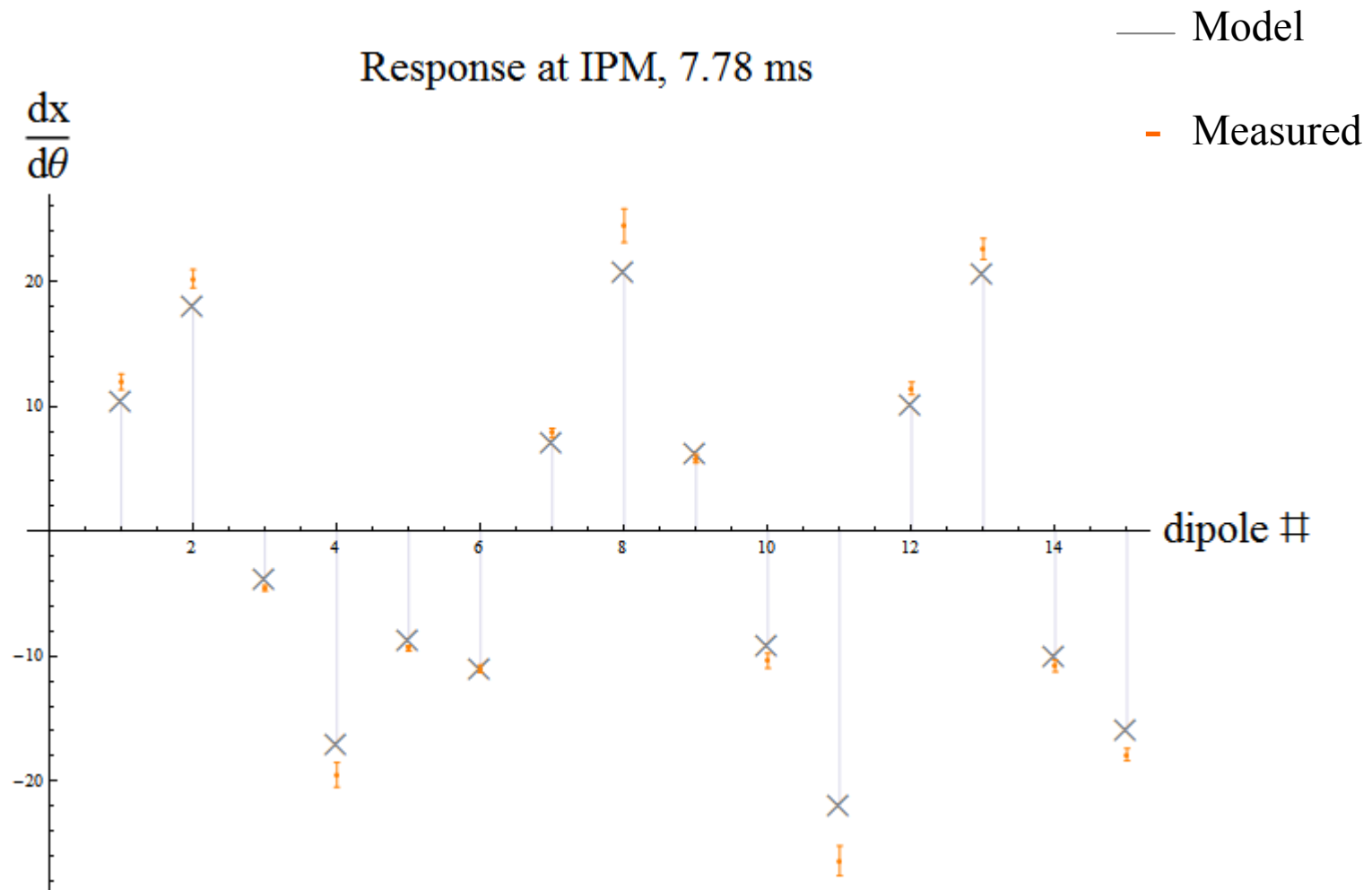
Y profile, turn #4100.



Beam centroid position at IPM, from Gaussian fit of profile:

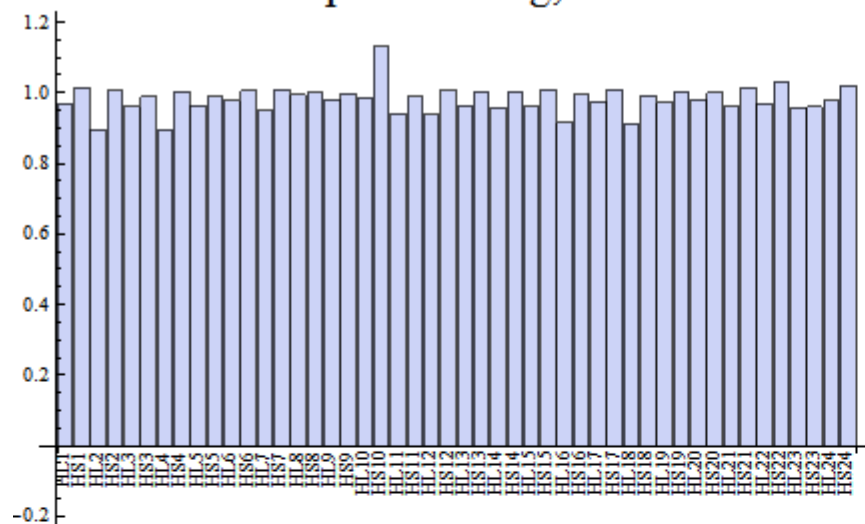


Measured orbit responses at IPM, and expected values from original calibration of model

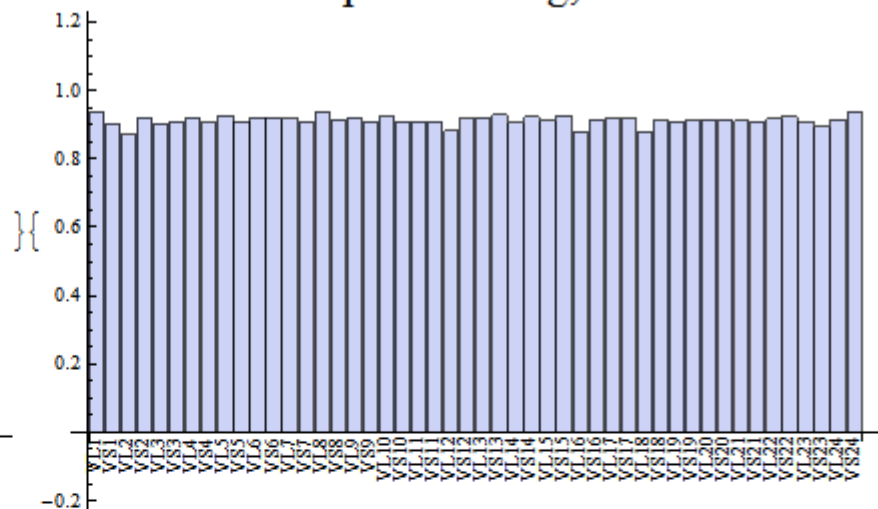


Adjusted calibrations, using ipm position to fix dipole calibration

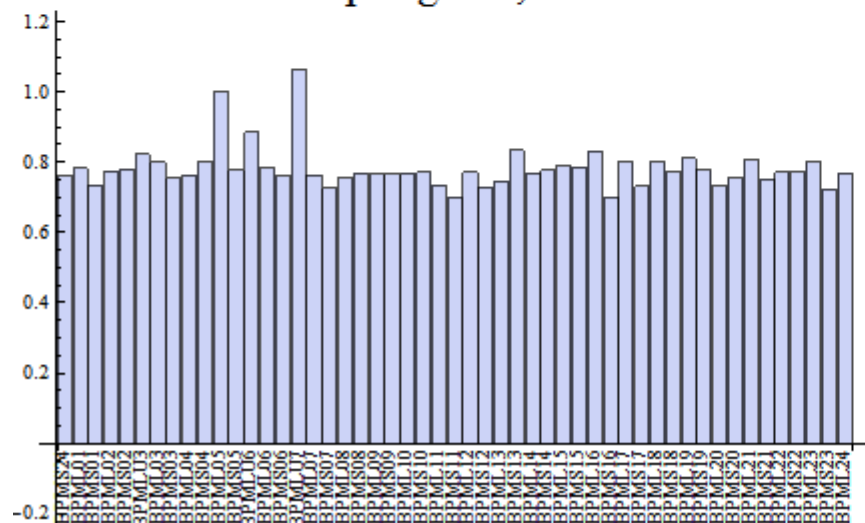
New H dipole scaling, $t=7.78$ ms



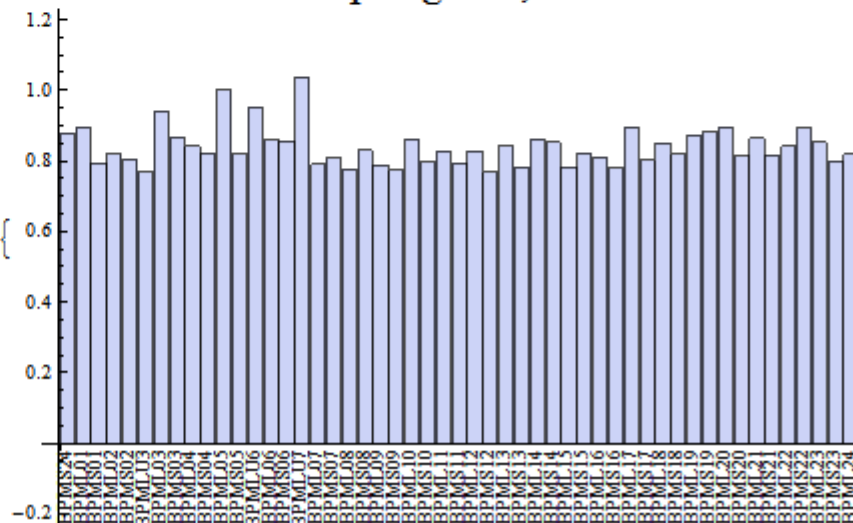
New V dipole scaling, $t=7.78$ ms



New X bpm gains, $t=7.78$ ms

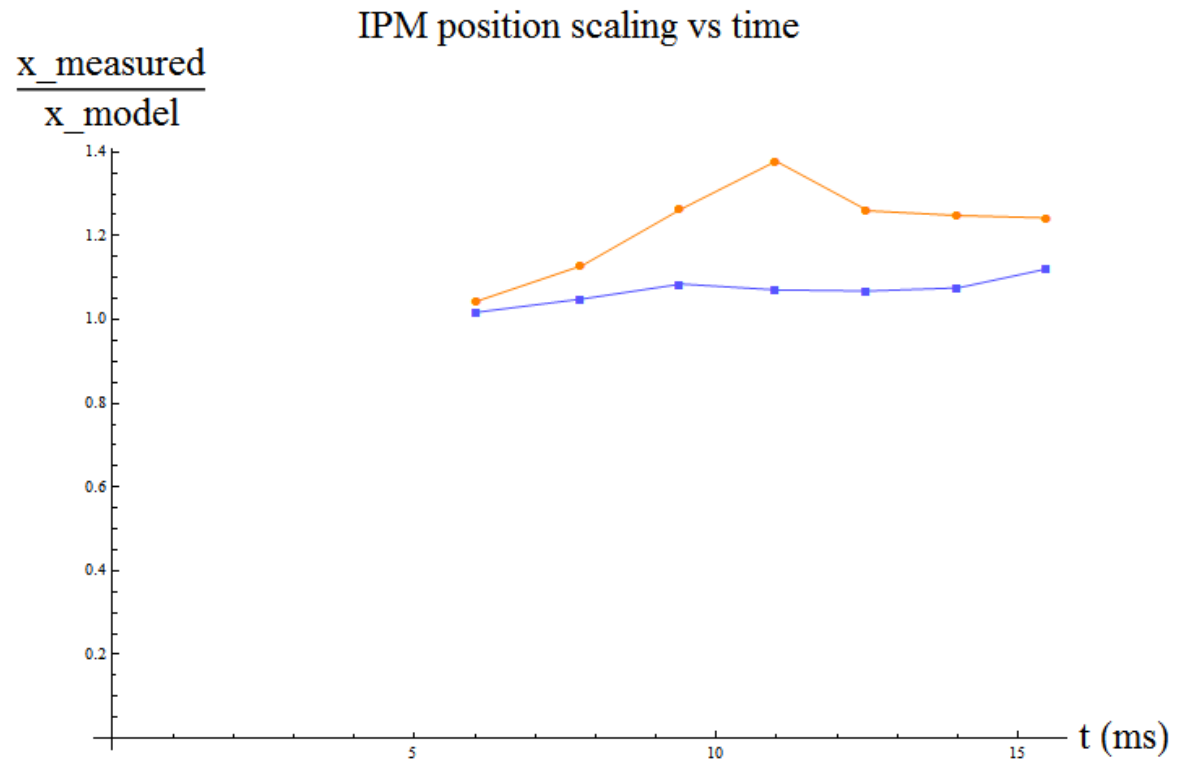


New Y bpm gains, $t=7.78$ ms

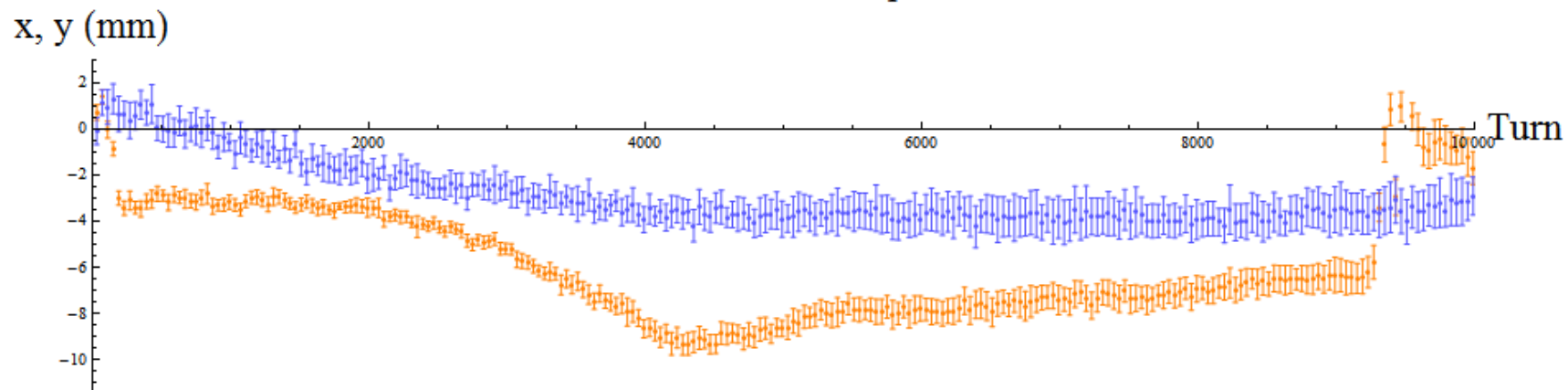


How accurate is the position given by the ipm?

Several channels in the ipm are dead; accuracy of fit may vary depending on location of beam centroid relative to dead channels.



Central orbit at ipm



Part 2:

Measurement of orbit relative to quad
magnet center

Orbit Response to Quadrupole bumps:

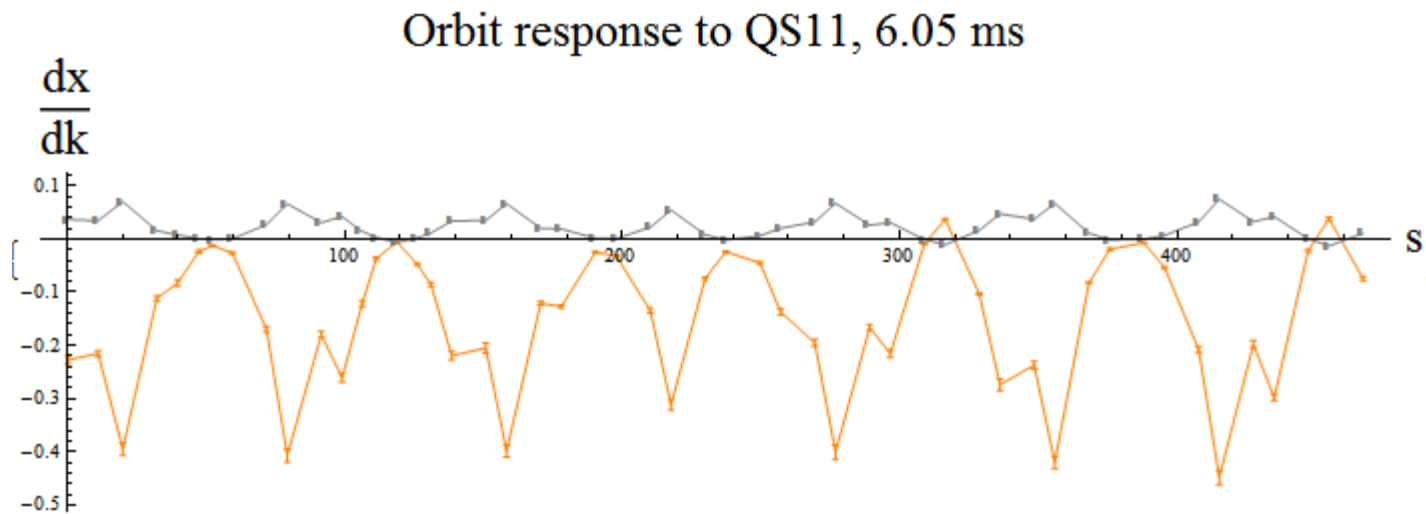
Solving for the closed orbit with a quadrupole error gives an expression similar to the solution with a dipole error (to first order):

$$\mathbf{M} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -\delta k & 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} \\ \mathbf{x}' \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -\mathbf{x}_0 \delta k \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} \\ \mathbf{x}' \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\delta \mathbf{x}}{\delta k} \approx - \frac{\mathbf{x}_0 \beta}{2 \sin[\pi \nu]} \cos[\pi \nu]$$

Measured orbit response, and expected response based on BPM position:

— Model, using (calibrated) bpm position
— Measured

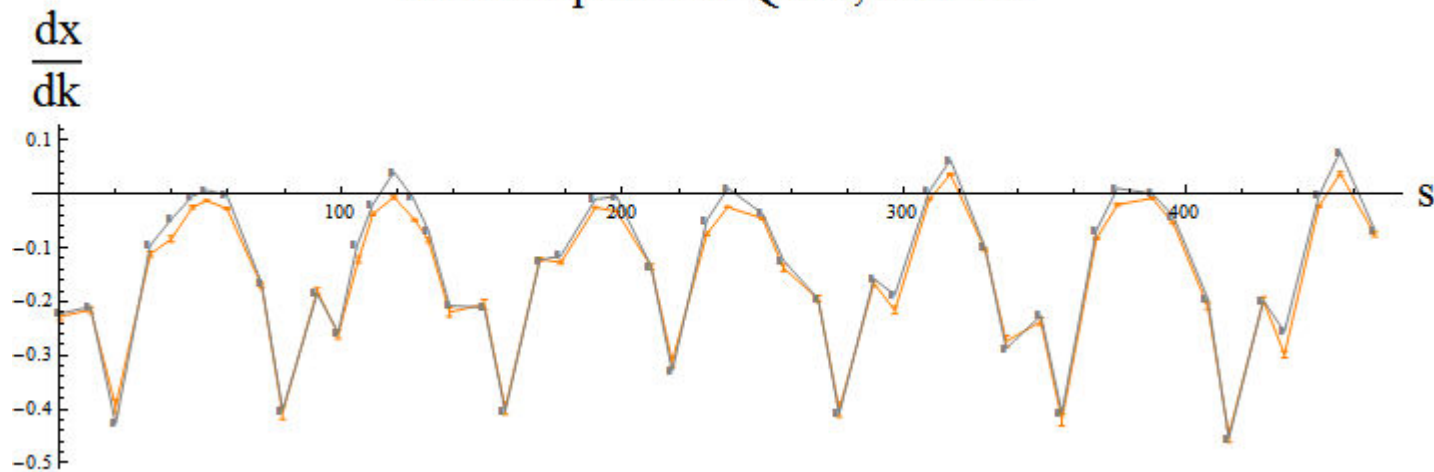


Measured orbit response, and expected response based fitted position relative to quad center:

— Model, using best-fitting
position relative to quad

— Measured

Orbit response to QS11, 6.05 ms

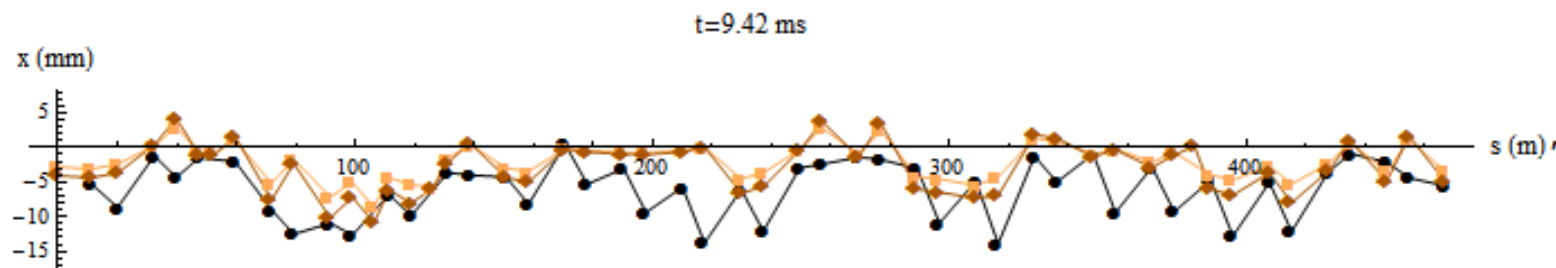
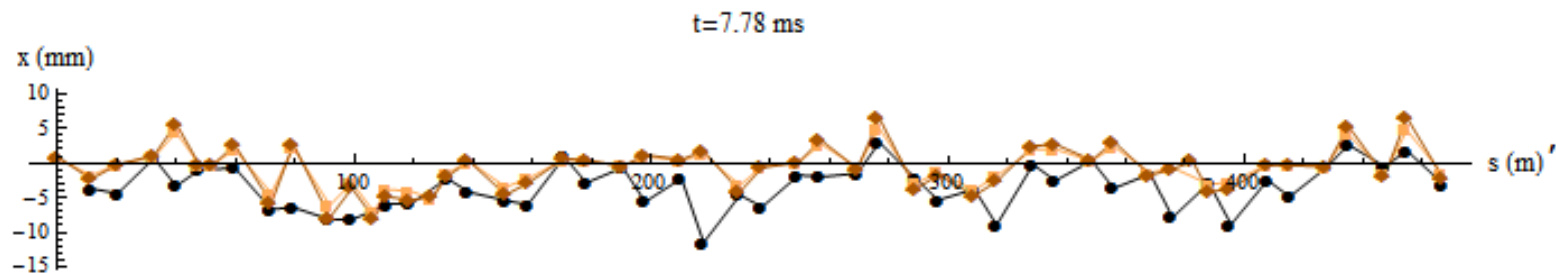
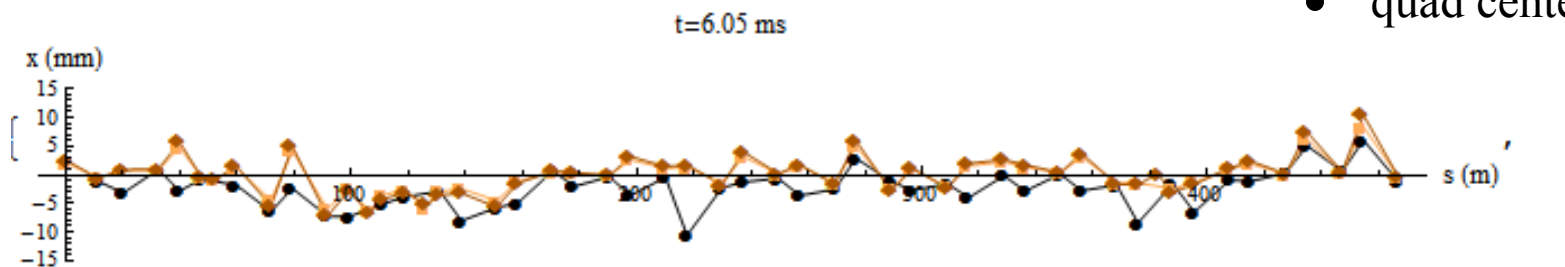


Central orbit, measured by BPMs and by quad steering

● bpm (uncorrected)

● bpm (calibrated)

● quad center

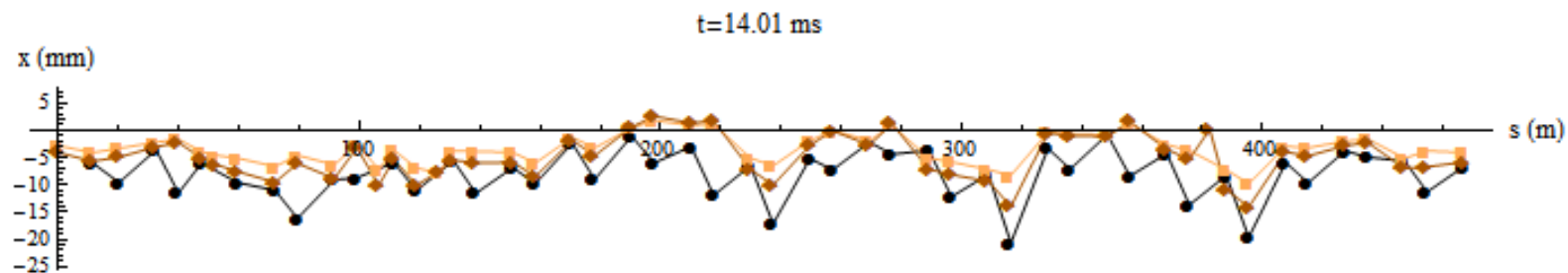
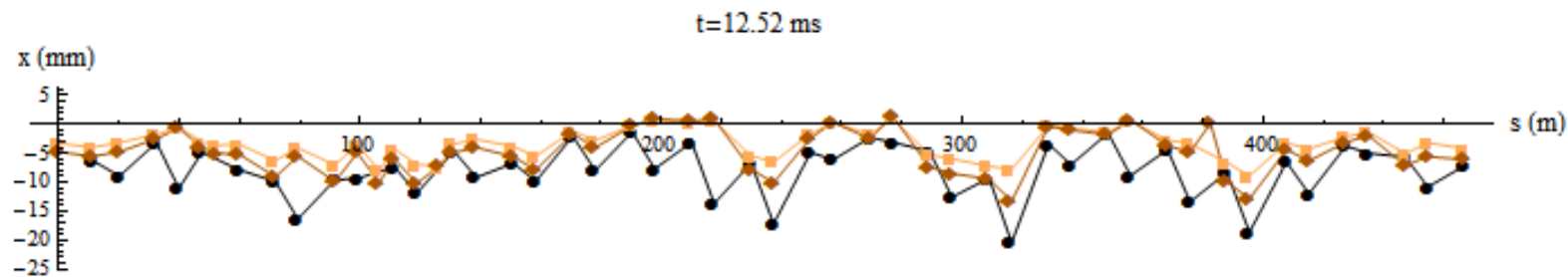
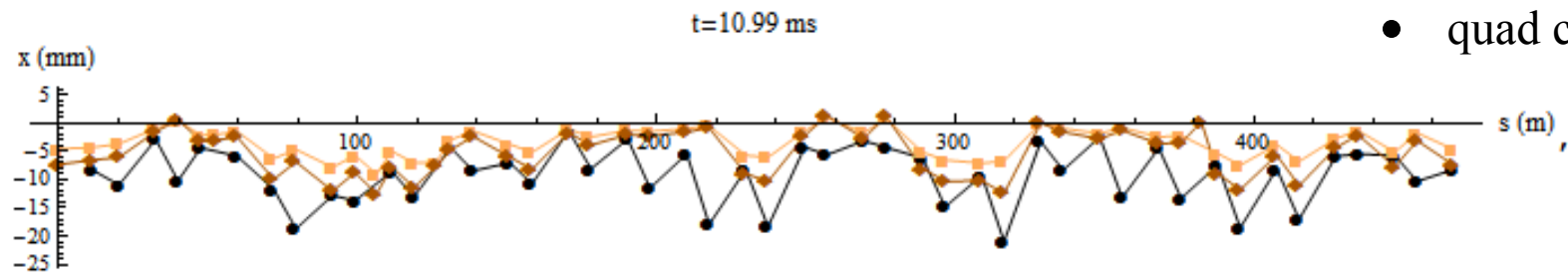


Central orbit, measured by BPMs and by quad steering

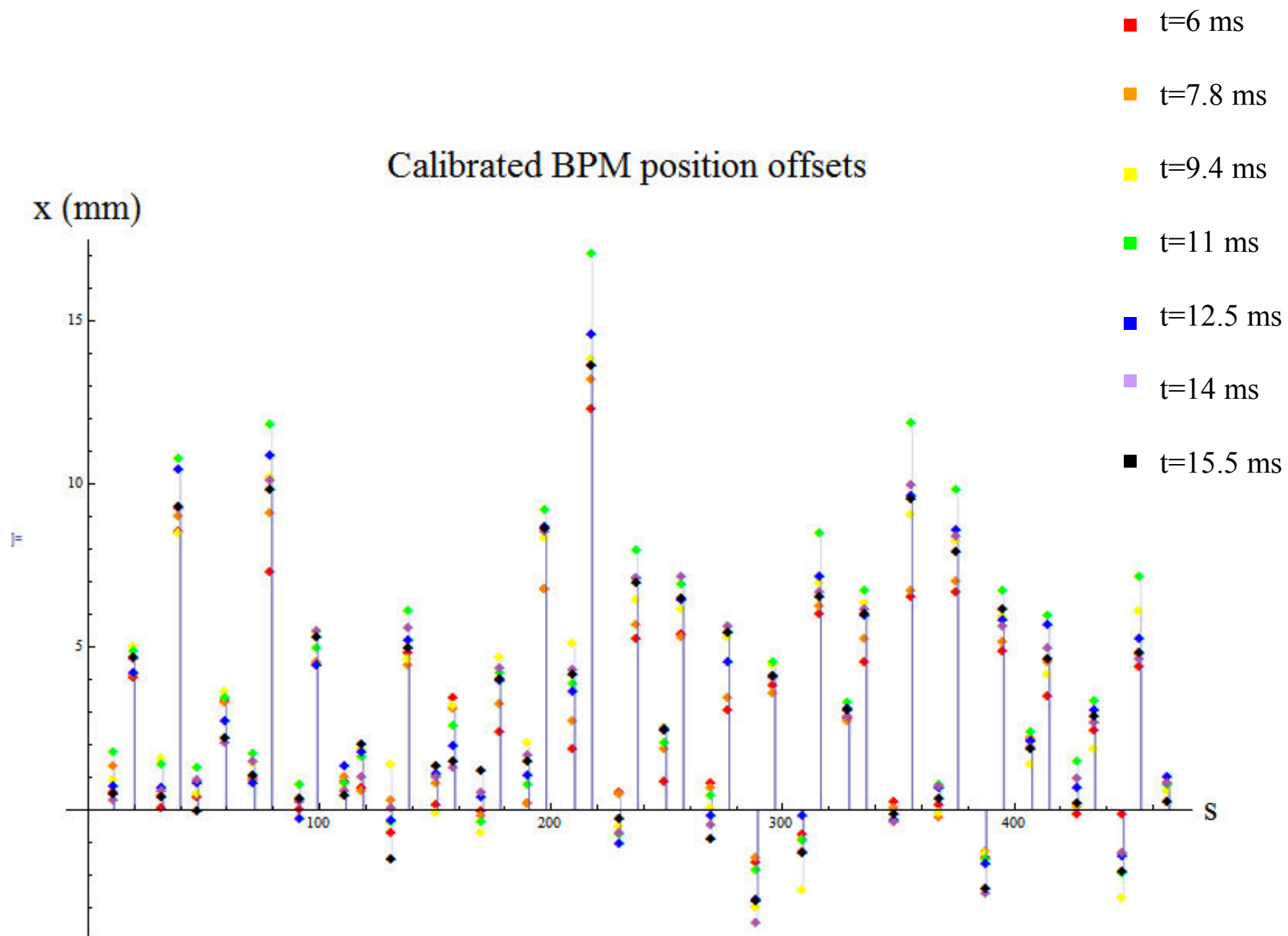
● bpm (uncorrected)

● bpm (calibrated)

● quad center

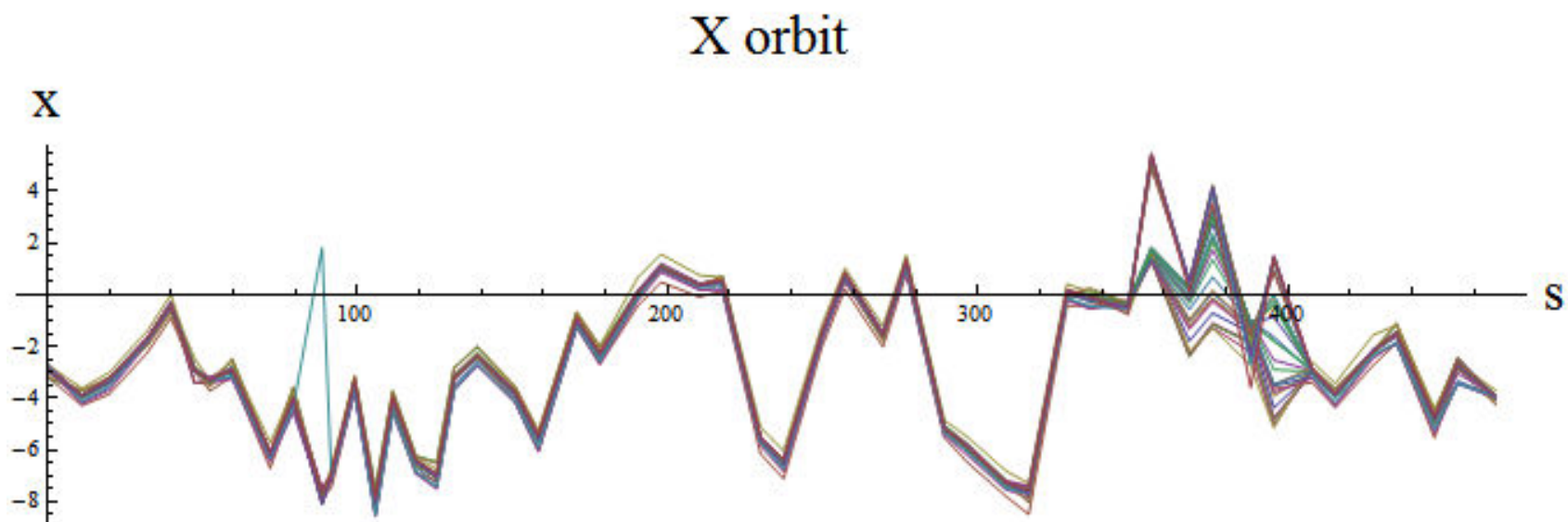


Calibrated BPM position offsets



Extra Slides

BPM errors, sections 18-20



Uncalibrated BPM position offsets

